In the matter of

section 100 of the Marine and Coastal

Area (Takutai Moana) Act 2011

And in the matter of

an application by Ngā Hapū o Mokau ki Runga represented by the Mokau ki Runga Regional Management
Committee, constituted under the
Maniapoto Maori Trust Board Act
1988, of Waikato, for orders that
recognise their customary marine title

and protected customary rights under

that Act

### **APPLICATION FOR RECOGNITION ORDERS**

Dated 29 March 2017

Counsel: Tom Bennion / Lisa Black Bennion Law 181 Cuba St PO Box 25433 Featherston Street 6140 Tel: 64-4-4735755 tom@bennion.co.nz / lisa@bennion.co.nz

Case Manager

Next Event:

2 9 MAR 2017

THE HIGH COURT WELLINGTON

To: The Registrar of the High Court at Wellington

And to: the Waikato Regional Council

And to: the Waitomo District Council

And to: the Solicitor-General on behalf of the Attorney-General

#### THIS DOCUMENT NOTIFIES YOU THAT:

Ngā hapū o Mokau ki Runga represented by Mokau ki Runga Regional Management Committee, will on 29 March 2017 apply to the High Court for recognition orders under the Marine and Coastal Area (Takutai Moana) Act 2011 relating to a particular area of the common marine and coastal area that is between centre of the Mokau River in the south and the tip of Tirua Point in the north, bounded on the landward parts by the line of mean high-water springs ("te takutai moana o ngā hapū o Mokau ki Runga") and extending generally to the outer limits of the territorial sea. This area is mapped and marked by a red outline in the attached Appendix A.

- 2. The orders sought are protected customary rights and customary marine title in te takutai moana o ngā hapū o Mokau ki Runga arising from:
  - 2.1. Permanent occupation of the land and use of the adjoining foreshore, seabed and seas from the landing of the Tainui waka; and since 1840 without substantial interruption;
  - 2.2. The taking of hapuka, kahawai, ararara (trevally), tamure (snapper), hapu (kingfish), hautere (jack makerel), gurnard (kumukumu), shark (mangō), flounder (pātiki), bait fish (including inanga), stingray (whai), eels (tuna), lamprey (piharau) and other fish found in the takutai moana and river estuaries;
  - 2.3. The taking of kekeno (seals);
  - 2.4. The taking of seabirds;
  - 2.5. The taking of shellfish including oysters, snails (pūpū), kina, paua, crabs (pāpaka and kaunga) and koura (crayfish);
  - 2.6. Taking of aquatic plants;

- 2.7. Navigation and passage over these areas in waka, and landing of waka;
- 2.8. Bathing;
- 2.9. Recreation;
- 2.10. Collection of sand, stones, driftwood, and detritus;
- 2.11. Designation of wāhi tapu
- 2.12. Imposition of rāhui;
- 2.13. Allowing others to undertake activities;
- 2.14. And all ways of life and cultural practices associated with the above takings and uses including cultural practices founded in spiritual beliefs including the saying of karakia tawhito, imposition of rahui, exercise of kaitiakitanga and mana, naming of places in the sea and foreshore to specify fishing areas, reefs and people who had authority over them;
- 2.15. And all other customary uses of the common marine and coastal area between the Mokau River and Tirua Point:

#### **DESCRIPTION OF APPLICANT GROUP**

- Ngā hapū o Mokau ki Runga are hapū affiliating to Ngāti Maniapoto that have occupied the Mokau coast from the time of the landing of the Tainui waka. The hapū are: Ngati Rungaterangi, Ngati Waiora, Ngati Waikorara, Ngati Rora, Ngati Paemate, Ngati Tumai, Ngati Kinohaku, Ngati Rahurahu, Ngati Tukawakawa and Ngati Mihi.
- 4. They are represented today by the Mokau ki Runga Regional Management Committee, whose members are elected from the recognised Marae and Papakainga of the Mokau ki Runga Region. The Committee is constituted under section 8 of the Maniapoto Maori Trust Board Act 1988.

# GROUNDS ON WHICH THE PROTECTED CUSTOMARY RIGHTS RECOGNITION ORDER IS SOUGHT

 Ngā hapū o Mokau ki Runga through the Committee seek a protected customary rights recognition order on the grounds that its protected

- customary rights relating to te takutai moana o ngā hapū o Mokau ki Runga may be recognised by an order of the Court made on an application under section 100 of the Act.
- Pursuant to s 98 of the Act, the Court may make a recognition order if it is satisfied that the application for protected customary rights meets the requirements of s 51(1) of the Act.
- 7. The Applicant Group meets the requirements in s 51(1) of the Act because it:
  - 7.1. has exercised the rights before and since 1840;
  - 7.2. continues to exercise those rights in te takutai moana o ngā hapū o Mokau ki Runga in accordance with tikanga in either exactly the same or a similar way, or in a way that has evolved over time; and
  - 7.3. is applying for rights that have not been extinguished as a matter of law.

# GROUNDS ON WHICH THE CUSTOMARY MARINE TITLE RECOGNITION ORDER IS SOUGHT

- 8. Ngā hapū o Mokau ki Runga through the Committee in the person of its chair seeks a customary marine title recognition order on the grounds that its customary marine title relating to te takutai moana o ngā hapū o Mokau ki Runga may be recognised by an order of the Court made on an application under s 100 of the Act.
- Pursuant to s 98 of the Act, the Court may make a recognition order if it is satisfied that the application for customary marine title meets the requirements of s 58 of the Act.
- 10. The Applicant Group meets the requirements in s 58 of the Act because it:
  - 10.1. holds te takutai moana o ngā hapū o Mokau ki Runga in accordance with tikanga;
  - 10.2. has, in relation to te takutai moana o ngā hapū o Mokau ki Runga exclusively used and occupied it from 1840 to the present without substantial interruption to its exclusive use and occupation; and

- 10.3. the customary marine title has not been extinguished as a matter of law.
- 11. In terms of matters that may be taken into account in determining whether the Applicant Group's customary marine title exists in te takutai moana o ngā hapū o Mokau ki Runga:
  - 11.1. the Applicant Group have owned land abutting te takutai moana o ngā hapū o Mokau ki Runga and have done so, without substantial interruption, from 1840 to the present day; and
  - 11.2. the Applicant Group have exercised non-commercial customary fishing rights in te takutai moana o ngā hapū o Mokau ki Runga and have done so from 1840 to the present day.

#### PERSON TO HOLD THE ORDERS

 The Mokau ki Runga Regional Management Committee will be the holder (in trust) of the orders as the representative entity of ngā hapū o Mokau ki Runga.

#### **APPLICATION MADE IN RELIANCE**

13. This application is made in reliance on sections 51(1), 58, 59, 94, 98, 100, and 101 of the Marine and Coastal Area (Takutai Moana) Act 2011 and the affidavit of William Wetere which sets out the basis on which ngā hapū o Mokau ki Runga are entitled to the recognition orders sought.

# CONTACT DETAILS OF THE APPLICANT AND PERSON NAMED TO HOLD THE ORDER

14. The contact address of the Applicant and person named to hold the order is:

William Wetere

Chair

Mokau ki Runga Regional Management Committee 14 Lyon St, Kihikihi

15. The contact telephone number is 021949267

### 16. The contact email is w.r.wetere@gmail.com

Dated at Wellington this 29 March 2017

Thomas H Bennion / Lisa Black

Counsel for Mokau ki Runga Regional Management Committee

This document is filed by Thomas Bennion, Solicitor for Mokau ki Runga Regional Management Committee.

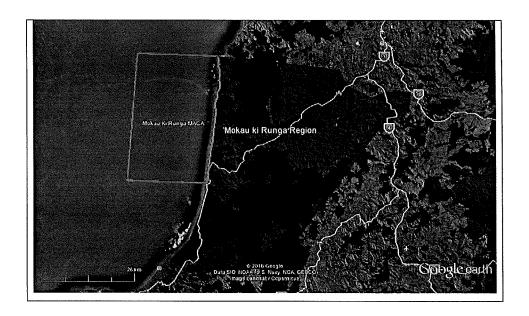
The address for service of the Mokau ki Runga Regional Management Committee is at the offices of Bennion Law, First Floor, 181 Cuba Street, Wellington.

Documents for service on the above-named Appellant may be left at that address for service or may be:

Posted to the solicitor at PO Box 25-433, Featherston Street, Wellington 6146; or

Transmitted to the solicitor by email to tom@bennion.co.nz.

## APPENDIX A Te takutai moana o ngā hapū o Mokau ki Runga



### 1. The area is bounded

- a. on the landward side, by the line of mean high-water springs; and
- b. on the seaward side, by the outer limits of the territorial sea; and
- 2. includes the beds of rivers that are part of the coastal marine area (within the meaning of the Resource Management Act 1991); and
- 3. includes the airspace above, and the water space (but not the water) above, the areas described in paragraphs (a) and (b); and
- 4. includes the subsoil, bedrock, and other matter under the areas described in paragraphs 1 and 2.