IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW ZEALAND

SC 130/2016 [2017] NZSC 9

BETWEEN GARY OWEN BURGESS

Applicant

AND MALLEY & CO

Respondents

Court: William Young, Glazebrook and Arnold JJ

Counsel: Applicant in person

A J Gaborieau for Respondents

Judgment: 16 February 2017

JUDGMENT OF THE COURT

A The application for leave to appeal is dismissed.

B The applicant must pay costs of \$2,500 to the respondents.

REASONS

- [1] The applicant, Mr Burgess, has appealed to the Court of Appeal against a decision of Gendall J in the High Court, in which he ordered Mr Burgess to pay the respondents, Malley & Co, outstanding fees and disbursements for legal services, together with interest.¹ In the same judgment, Gendall J dismissed a number of claims brought by Mr Burgess against Malley & Co alleging negligence and other failings by the firm.
- [2] In conjunction with filing the appeal in the Court of Appeal, Mr Burgess applied for a dispensation from the requirement to pay security for costs; for their part, Malley & Co applied for an increased amount by way of security. The

Malley & Co v Burgess [2016] NZHC 907.

Deputy-Registrar declined to waive security and increased the amount payable from the usual \$6,600 to \$10,000.

[3] Mr Burgess then applied to have these decisions reviewed by a Judge.

Miller J upheld the Deputy-Registrar's decision not to waive security but granted the

application to review the increased amount, reducing it to \$6,600.2 Mr Burgess now

seeks leave to appeal to this Court against Miller J's decision to uphold the

Deputy-Registrar's decision to refuse to waive security.

[4] These proceedings arise from a long-running relationship property dispute

between Mr Burgess and his former partner. Malley & Co represented Mr Burgess

in the relationship property proceedings.

[5] It is not suggested that the proposed appeal raises any issue of general or

public importance. Rather, Mr Burgess argues that Miller J erred by misapplying the

principles articulated by this Court in *Reekie v Attorney-General*³ and by incorrectly

assessing the merits of his appeal against Gendall J's decision.

[6] As to the first point, Miller J's decision was an orthodox application of the

principles set out in *Reekie*. We are not persuaded that the principles have, or may

have been, misapplied.

[7] As to the second point, Miller J concluded that the appeal was, in some

respects, hopeless and in others "not strong". Again, nothing has been raised to cast

doubt on this preliminary evaluation.

[8] In these circumstances, we dismiss the application for leave to appeal. The

applicant must pay costs of \$2,500 to the respondents.⁴

Solicitors:

Parker Cowan, Queenstown for Respondents

Reekie v Attornev-General [2014] NZSC 63, [2014] 1 NZLR 737.

Burgess v Malley & Co [2016] NZCA 484.

Since these reasons were prepared, Mr Burgess has filed a memorandum saying that he is now in a position to pay most of the amount that he is required to pay by way of security for costs. That is an issue for the Court of Appeal.